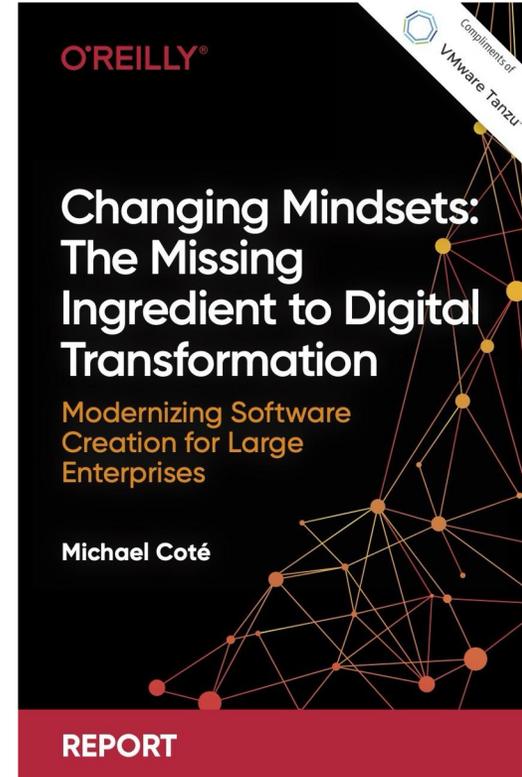
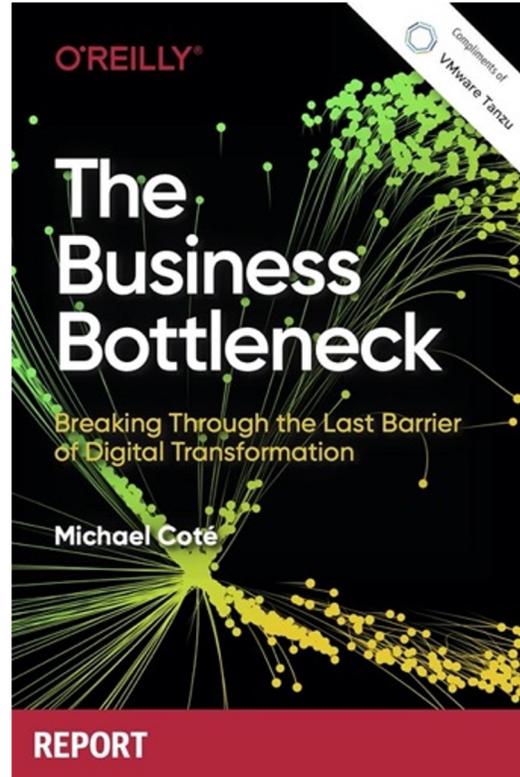
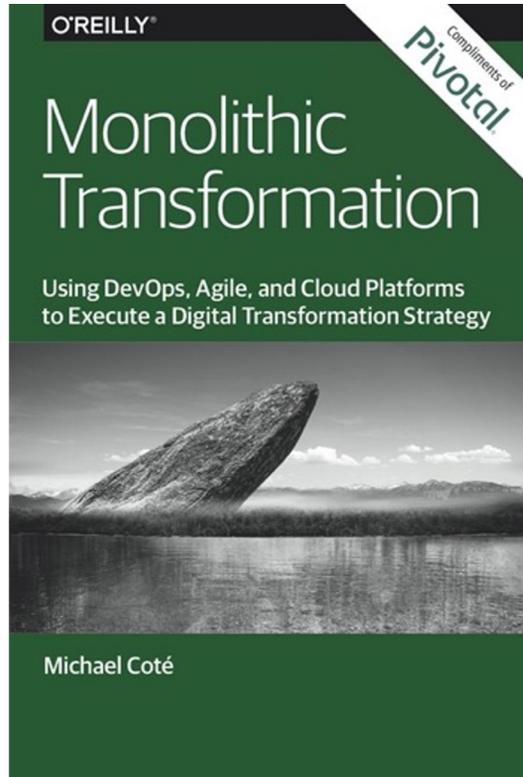


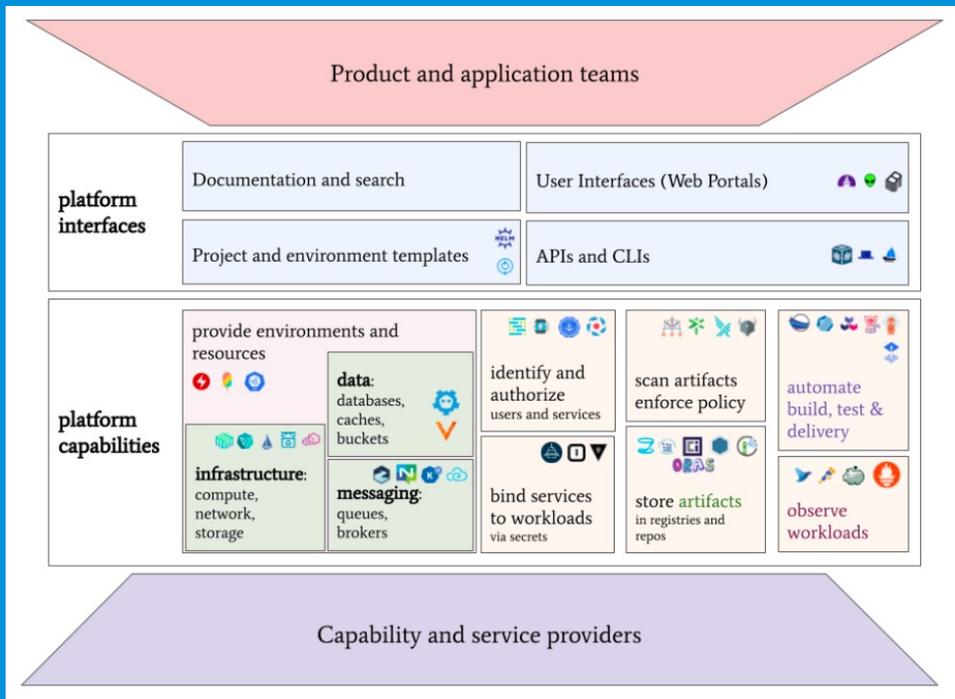
# Surviving the platform journey

Coté - March 28<sup>th</sup>, 2024

# Coté

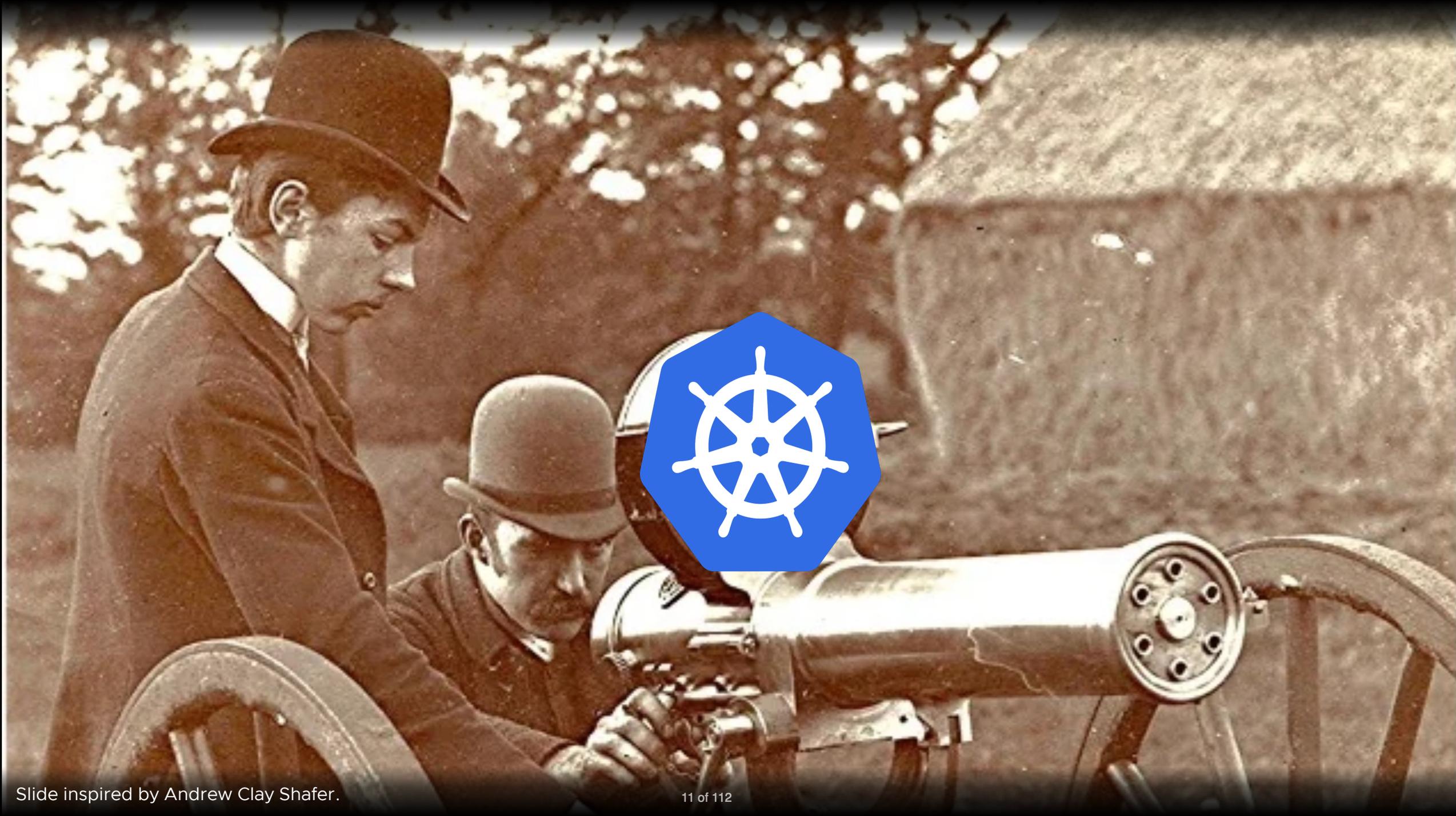
<https://newsletter.cote.io/> | [cote@broadcom.com](mailto:cote@broadcom.com)





The desire to refocus delivery teams on their core focus and reduce duplication of effort across the organization has motivated enterprises to implement platforms for cloud-native computing. By investing in platforms, enterprises can:

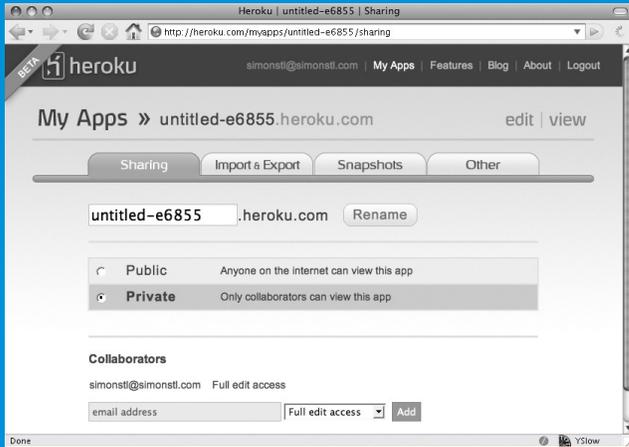
1. Reduce the cognitive load on product teams and thereby accelerate product development and delivery
2. Improve reliability and resiliency of products relying on platform capabilities by dedicating experts to configure and manage them
3. Accelerate product development and delivery by reusing and sharing platform tools and knowledge across many teams in an enterprise
4. Reduce risk of security, regulatory and functional issues in products and services by governing platform capabilities and the users, tools and processes surrounding them
5. Enable cost-effective and productive use of services from public clouds and other managed offerings by enabling delegation of implementations to those providers while maintaining control over user experience



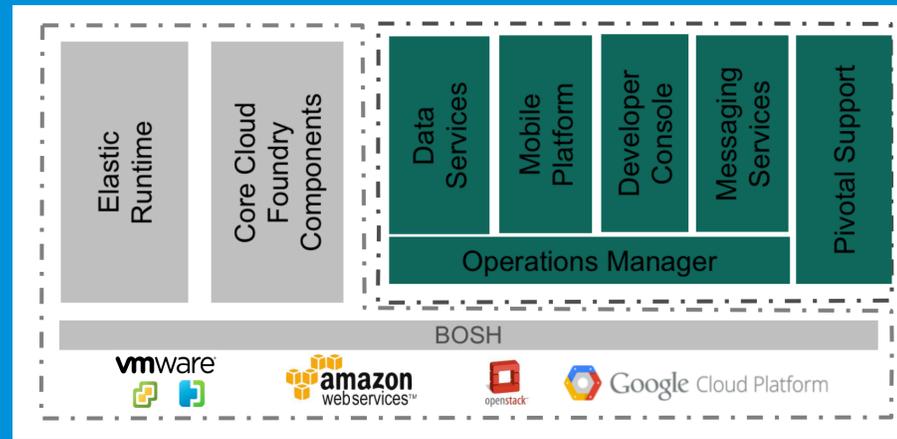
# The Eternal Recurrence of (Platforms, PaaS, DevOps, Cloud Native, Golden Paths, Platform Engineering, ...)

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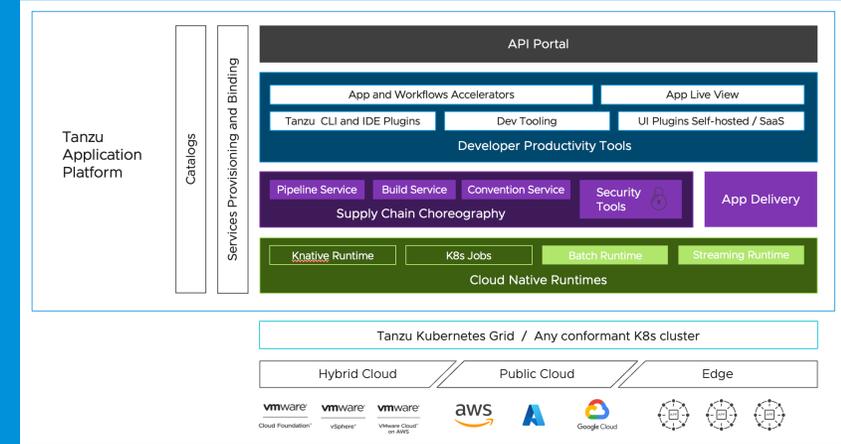
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2007



2015



2023 & Beyond



**Kelsey Hightower** @kelseyhightower

Kubernetes is a platform for building platforms. It's a better place to start; not the endgame.

1:04 PM - 27 Nov 2017

Not pictured:

OO, Small Talk, RUP, CORBA, J2EE/.Net, SOA & WS-\*, RAD, Low Code, Public Clouds



**The technology is new.  
The process is proven.**

**CLOUD NATIVE**  
— MATURITY MODEL —

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Cloud Native Maturity Model

- Level 1 - Build
- Level 2 - Operate
- Level 3 - Scale
- Level 4 - Improve
- Level 5 - Adapt

## Cloud Native Maturity Model



It's no secret the world has gone cloud native! The authors of this body of work have seen many organizations start their cloud native journey with no real framework on how to adopt these new applications and platforms. The authors want to provide a framework for success.

The intent of this model is to help you move from inception through to full adoption of cloud native technologies using the CNCF landscape to achieve the full benefits of running scalable applications in modern, dynamic environments in public and hybrid clouds.

[Edit this page](#)

[Create issue](#)

### Page Contents

The Cloud Native Maturity Model 3.0 (updated in Autumn 2023)

Target audience

How the model is divided up

But what if we don't fit this model...

Prerequisites for the Cloud Native Maturity Model

When is the right time

The Cloud Native Maturity Model Journey

Position on Included Technologies

# Platform Engineering Maturity Model

*Presented by the Cloud Native Computing Foundation Working Group Platforms*

*Version 1.0.0  
Released October 31st, 2023*

## Introduction

CNCF's initial [Platforms Definition white paper](#) describes what internal platforms for cloud computing are and the values they promise to deliver to enterprises. But to achieve those values an organization must reflect and deliberately pursue outcomes and practices that are impactful for them, keeping in mind that every organization relies on an internal platform crafted for its own organization - even if that platform is just documentation on how to use third party services. This maturity model provides a framework for that reflection and for identifying opportunities for improvement in any organization.

## Table of Contents

- [Introduction](#)
- [What is platform engineering?](#)
- [How to use this model](#)
- [Context behind this work](#)
- [Model table](#)
- [Model Detail](#)
- [Conclusion](#)

# Building a Platform: Cloud Native Maturity Model

Focus	Level 1	Level 2–4	Level 5
Biz	Initial alignment on cloud-native costs and exploration of technology-business relationships.	Progressively integrates cloud-native initiatives with business goals, focusing on ROI, scaling for demand, and optimizing costs while maintaining legacy systems.	Achieves predictable IT spend, with business and technology teams working in harmony towards flexible and adaptable goals.
People	Teams are new to cloud-native, exploring tooling primarily Kubernetes, with basic technical understanding and security considerations.	Expands training in Kubernetes and cloud-native patterns, establishing DevOps practices, and integrating security deeply into the process.	Organization reaches maturity with skilled DevOps and DevSecOps, fostering an environment of experimentation and continuous improvement.
Process	Starts with manual deployments, focusing on application requirements and basic automation.	Develops structured build and deployment processes, embracing CI/CD, and creating feedback loops for continuous improvement and standardization.	Achieves process maturity with cloud-native design capabilities, automated responses to monitoring failures, and optimization of resource usage for cost efficiency.
Policy	Establishes a limited set of documented policies supporting cloud services.	Moves towards standardization and documentation for production, implementing policy-as-code, and defining SLAs around policies and remediation.	Refines policies using advanced technologies, engaging with regulators and the community for continuous improvement in security and compliance.
Tech	Begins with experimentation on Kubernetes and basic cloud-native tooling, assessing fit within the new landscape.	Builds a foundation for production, incorporates monitoring, observability, and security tooling, and scales operations with standardized tools.	Focuses on automation in functional areas, employs operators for operational tasks, and optimizes cloud-native infrastructure and applications for peak efficiency.

# Microservices, ops & security as code, dev self-service, dev == biz

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
People	Exploring w/ MVPs; learning cloud native concepts; learning <b>12 factor &amp; microservices</b> .	New teams, learning loops, test <b>centralization, standardization, CI/CD</b> , devs k8s skills.	Skills better; silos to balanced teams; intro DevSecOps into dev org.	Cloud is default, <b>dev self-service, feedback loop from app to biz</b> , security shift-left.	All cloud native, <b>full self-service, biz ownership of apps</b> , resilience, security-minded, FinOps approach.
Technology	<b>Pre-prod</b> ; building cloud platform w/IaC; <b>learning k8s with PoC</b> ; launch DevOps.	<b>Apps in prod</b> ; k8s for prod w/security & reliability; microservices apps required; <b>CI &amp; tools for prod deployment</b> ; k8s services for secrets, encryption, AA.	Focus on "observability"; <b>collect cost metrics</b> ; early GitOps for prod; servers->services; standardize ops tools; <b>automate security policy &amp; enforcement</b> .	k8s expert; microservices/API app design; full k8s management, alerting; <b>fix prod with CI/CD</b> .	Full IaC; <b>all new apps cloud native</b> ; modernizing legacy apps; <b>prod auto-remediation</b> ; full GitOps; ML security.

# Running a platform: Platform Engineering Maturity Model

Aspect		Provisional	Operational	Scalable	Optimizing
<b><u>Investment</u></b>	<i>How are staff and funds allocated to platform capabilities?</i>	Voluntary or temporary	Dedicated team	As product	Enabled ecosystem
<b><u>Adoption</u></b>	<i>Why and how do users discover and use internal platforms and platform capabilities?</i>	Erratic	Extrinsic push	Intrinsic pull	Participatory
<b><u>Interfaces</u></b>	<i>How do users interact with and consume platform capabilities?</i>	Custom processes	Standard tooling	Self-service solutions	Integrated services
<b><u>Operations</u></b>	<i>How are platforms and their capabilities planned, prioritized, developed and maintained?</i>	By request	Centrally tracked	Centrally enabled	Managed services
<b><u>Measurement</u></b>	<i>What is the process for gathering and incorporating feedback and learning?</i>	Ad hoc	Consistent collection	Insights	Quantitative and qualitative

# Getting ready for a long journey

## Questions, topics, & analysis

1. Expect 3 to 5 years: “Small organizations might swim through level three, while large enterprise organizations with lots of heritage and legacy, might be here for years.”
2. Do you have and/or need microservices and 12 factor apps? How many new apps do you have?
3. How will you modernize your existing apps? Would lift-and-shift or leave alone be better?
4. How will you standardize & centralize infrastructure, [dev|ops|security|compliance] practices?
5. How can you make continuous learning stick?
6. How will you change the organization and team definition, structures, and incentives?
7. How will you get The Business to work weekly with the developers?
8. Costs do not decrease until you decommission old infrastructure and legacy apps.

## **TECHNICAL IMPROVEMENTS**

**Daily deploys, hourly deploys**

**+30% developer productivity**

**+78% operational efficiency**

**60% reduction in incidents**

**Repaving prod months->weeks->daily**

## **BUSINESS IMPROVEMENTS**

**65% shift to in-app ordering**

**+46% enrollment rates**

**3 1/2 weeks to retool loan program**

**6 months to launch a new business**

**142% ROI on platform investment**



# Lessons learned from 8 years of platform engineering, a selection

# Build it and they don't come

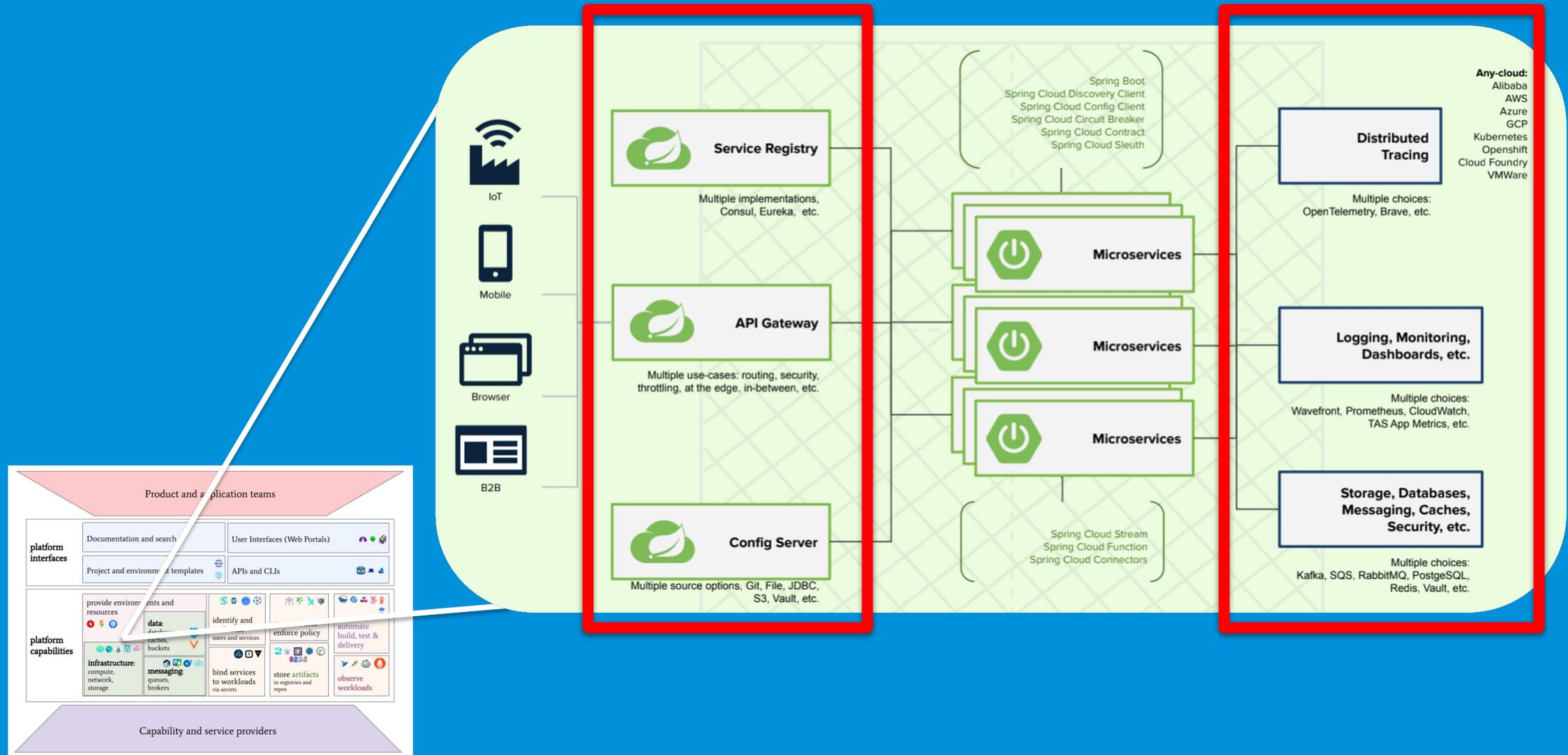


“We are building this platform not for us, we are building it for Mercedes-Benz developers.”

Thomas Müller, Mercedes-Benz



# The platform team should manage undifferentiated services



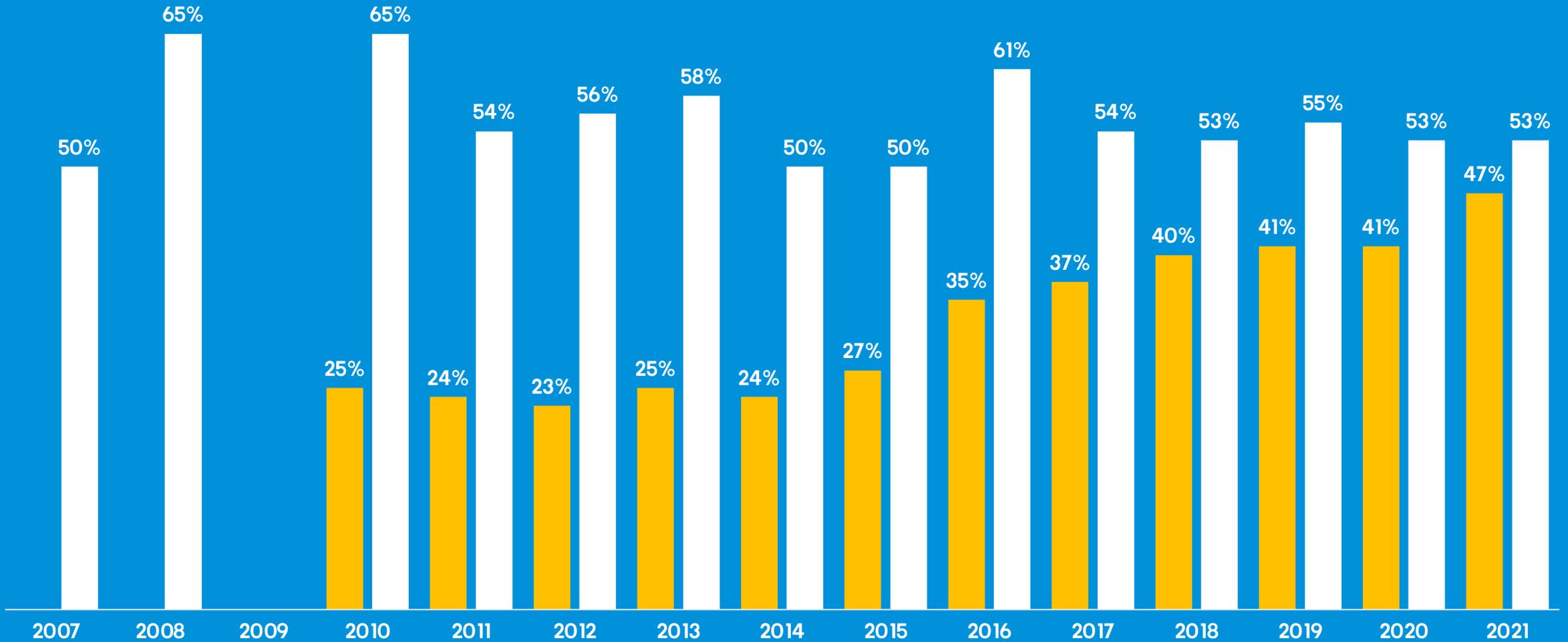
# Find the Developer Toil, Confusion, Blockers

## Find the Developer Toil, Confusion, Blockers

- What are we making?
- We have a strong vision for our product, and we're doing important work together every day to fulfill that vision.
- I have the context I need to confidently make changes while I'm working.
- I am proud of the work I have delivered so far for our product.
- I am learning things that I look forward to applying to future products.
- My workstation seems to disappear out from under me while I'm working.
- It's easy to get my workstation into the state I need to develop our product.
- What aspect of our workstation setup is painful?
- It's easy to run our software on my workstation while I'm developing it.
- I can boot our software up into the state I need with minimal effort.
- What aspect of running our software locally is painful? What could we do to make it less painful?
- It's easy to run our test suites and to author new ones.
- Tests are a stable, reliable, seamless part of my workflow.
- Test failures give me the feedback I need on the code I am writing.
- What aspect of production support is painful?
- We collaborate well with the teams whose software we integrate with.
- When necessary, it is within my power to request timely changes from other teams.
- I have the resources I need to test and code confidently against other teams' integration points.
- What aspect of integrating with other teams is painful?
- I'm rarely impacted by breaking changes from other tracks of work.
- We almost always catch broken tests and code before they're merged in.
- What aspect of committing changes is painful?
- Our release process (CI/CD) from source control to our story acceptance environment is fully automated.
- If the release process (CI/CD) fails, I'm confident something is truly wrong, and I know I'll be able to track down the problem.
- What aspect of our release process (CI/CD) is painful?
- Our team releases new versions of our software as often as the business needs us to.
- We are meeting our service-level agreements with a minimum of unplanned work.
- When something is wrong in production, we reproduce and solve the problem in a lower environment.

# CI and CD usage, 2007 to 2021

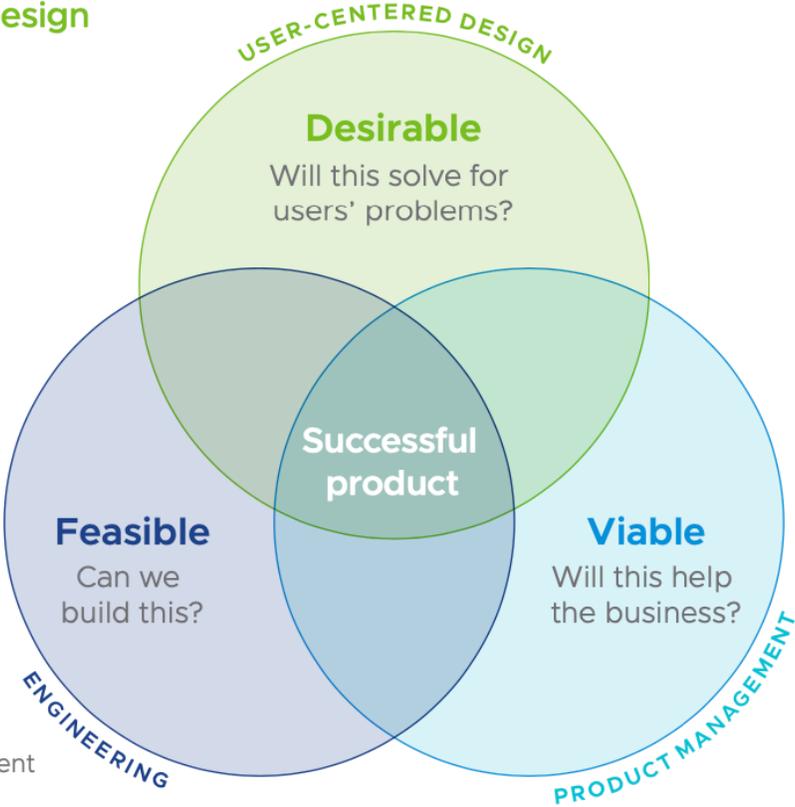
■ CD ■ CI



# Platform team composition mirrors app dev

## User-centered design

- ACTIVITIES:
- User interviews
  - Ethnography
  - Define personas
  - Usability testing
  - Service Design
  - UI / UX
  - Visual design



## Agile / XP

- ACTIVITIES:
- Test-driven development
  - Pair programming
  - Evolutionary design
  - Collective code ownership
  - Retros
  - Short iterations
  - CI / CD

## Lean Startup

- ACTIVITIES:
- Define product vision, strategy and roadmap
  - Define business model
  - Define minimum viable product
  - Identify and test assumptions
  - Release real product often
  - Understand customers
  - Adjust direction based on data
  - Constrain resources and time

# Design is best practice outside of Tanzu too

Boosting Developer Platform Teams with Product Thinking - Samantha Coffman, Spotify

How could a more empowered platform product team look?

Value + Viability      Feasibility      Usability

Product      Engineering      Design/Research

Customer

Backstage | com

Platform Engineering Day EUROPE

9:29 / 27:51

The diagram illustrates a Venn diagram with three overlapping green circles labeled 'Product', 'Engineering', and 'Design/Research'. Above the circles are the terms 'Value + Viability', 'Feasibility', and 'Usability'. Arrows from the bottom of each circle point towards a central icon of a person sitting at a desk, labeled 'Customer'. The background is dark blue with white text. A video player interface is visible at the bottom with a progress bar and controls.

Designing for Success: UX Principles for Internal Developer Platforms - Kirsten Schwarzer

““  
Design is not just what it looks like and feels like.  
**Design is how it works.**  
~ Steve Jobs

Platform Engineering Day EUROPE

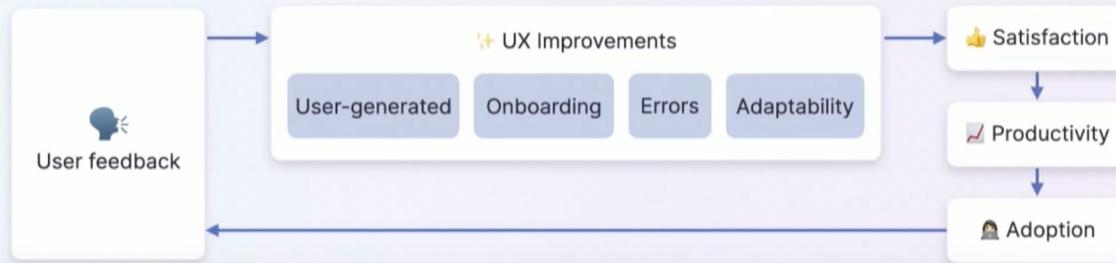
0:51 / 28:07

The slide features a white background with a dark blue border. A quote by Steve Jobs is presented in a white rounded rectangle. The quote reads: "Design is not just what it looks like and feels like. Design is how it works." followed by "~ Steve Jobs". The background of the slide is dark blue with white text. A video player interface is visible at the bottom with a progress bar and controls.

Source: [“Boosting Developer Platform Teams with Product Thinking,”](#) Samantha Coffman, KubeCon EU, March 2024; [“Designing for Success: UX Principles for Internal Developer Platforms,”](#) Kirsten Schwarzer, KubeCon EU, March, 2024.



## Create a virtuous cycle to keep improving



# Platform marketing, advocacy, consulting

## Organizational Learning



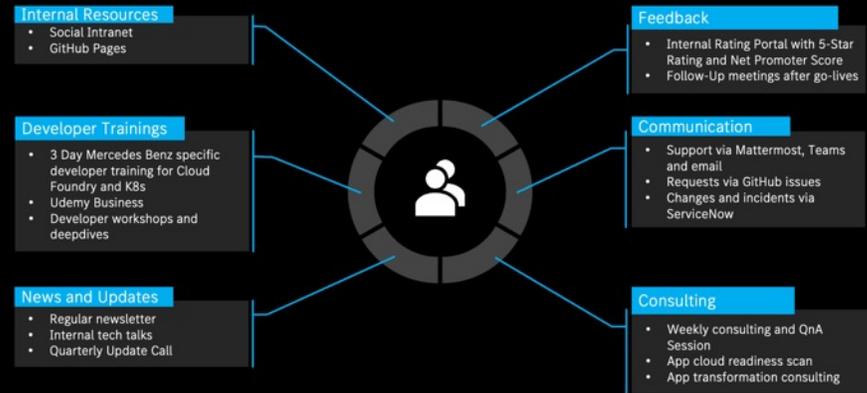
## Focus on ways of working.....



BT



## Developer centric platform



Mercedes-Benz

Improving Developer Productivity with Platform as a Product | Mercedes-Benz

17

## Initial Phase – Create the Platform with Developers

1. Platform team: owner, operators, engineers, advocate
2. Pick one app for business & technical feasibility.
3. Developer toil audit.
4. Find path to production with end-to-end value stream analysis
5. Start with pre-integrated platform, customize as you...
6. Build a golden path with the developer team.
7. Optionally, build an IDP as part of the platform.
8. Do this for 3 months.

# Scaling Phase – Pairing & Seeding to build trust & training



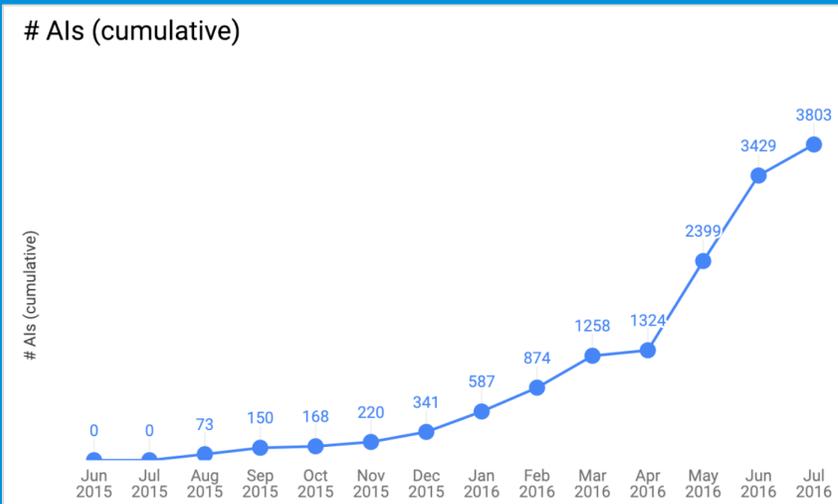
## HOME DEPOT TIMELINE

**2015:** Handful of apps, e.g., paint desk, tool rental

**2016:** ~130 apps in production

**2018:** “Every week, my product and design teams are in people’s homes or [at] customer job sites, where we are bringing in a lot of real-time insights from the customers.”

**2021:** one customer’s spend from \$100k to \$300k.



## **TECHNICAL IMPROVEMENTS**

**Daily deploys, hourly deploys**

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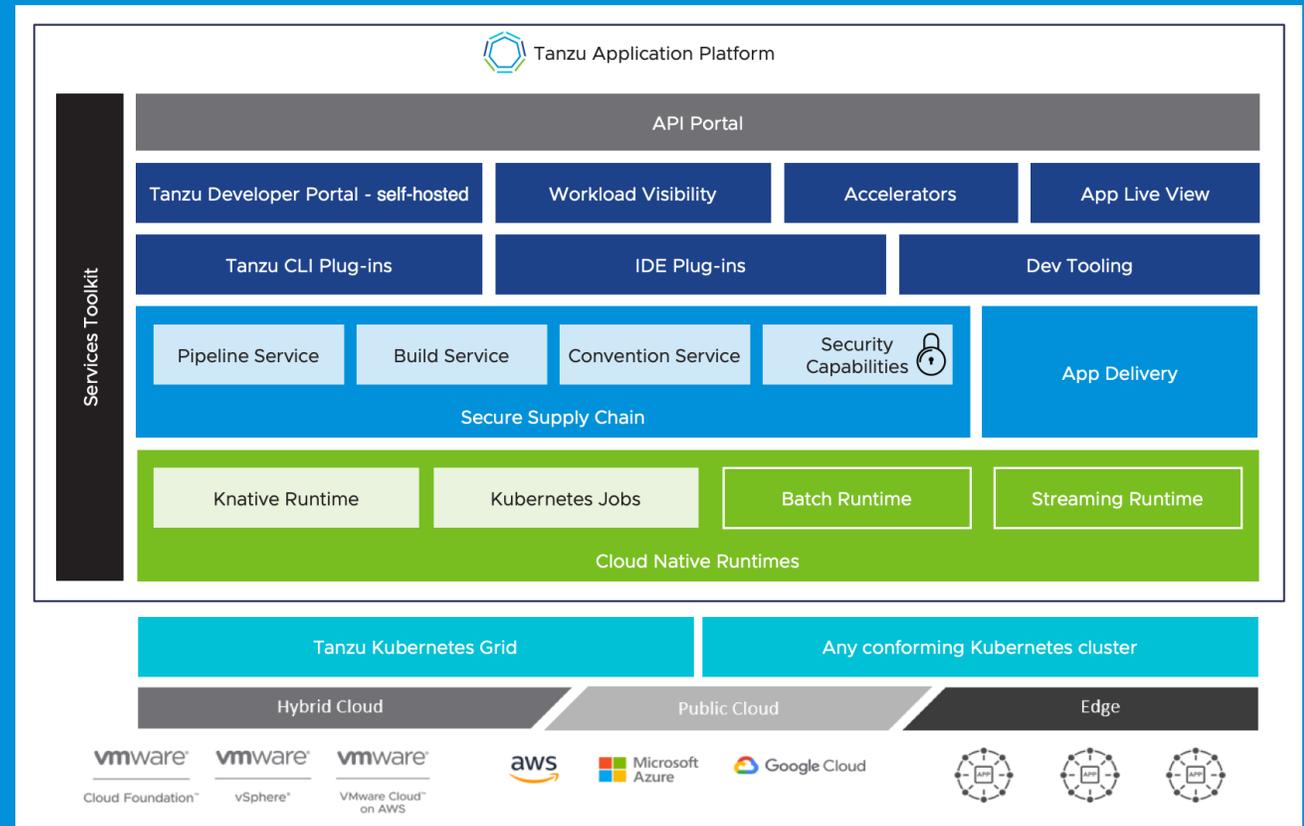
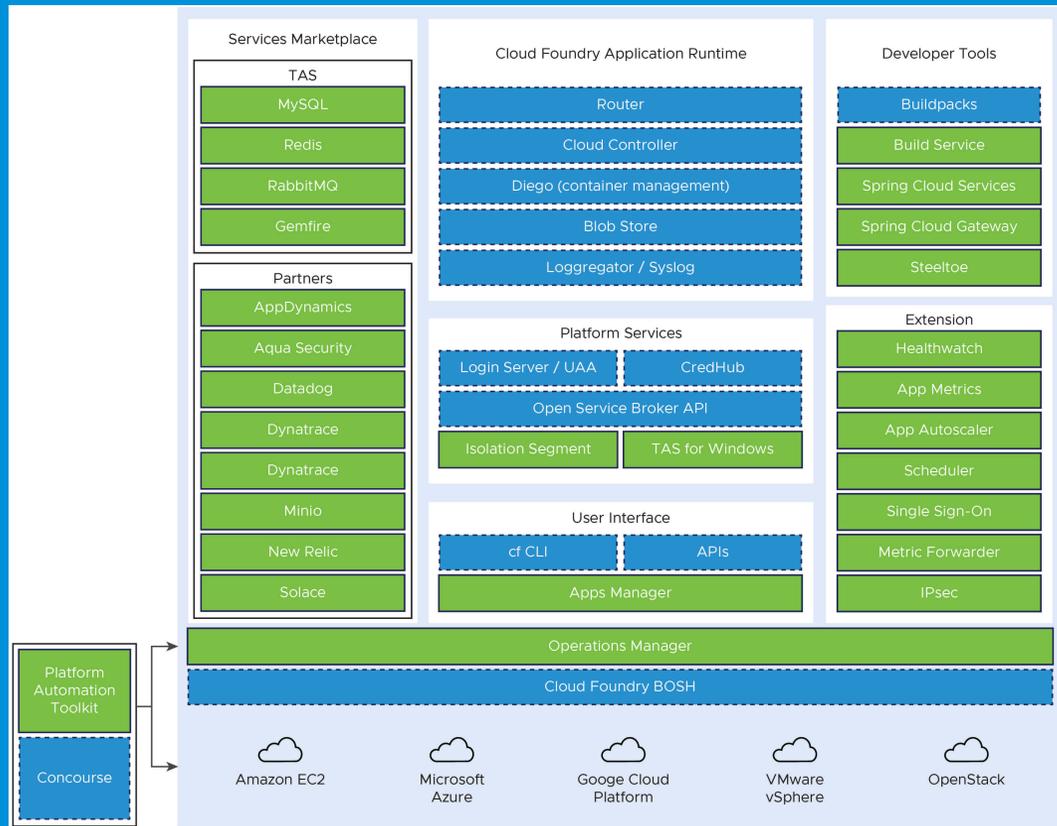
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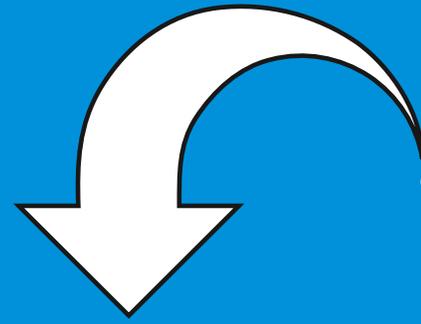
**142% ROI on platform investment**

# A fine selection of pre-shaved yaks

<https://tanzu.vmware.com>



# Thanks!



Slides & stuff

 <https://newsletter.cote.io>

 <https://cote.io/platform/>

 [cote@broadcom.com](mailto:cote@broadcom.com)

